

THE CURRENT STATE OF AGRICULTURAL TRADE IN CHINA

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The following are some status and related data of the Chinese agricultural economy economy:

1. Agricultural production: China is one of the largest agricultural production countries in the world, with rich agricultural resources and a wide range of agricultural industries. The main agricultural products include food, cotton, oil, vegetables, fruits, etc.

2. Rural population: There are hundreds of millions of rural people in China, and the rural population occupies a considerable proportion of China's total population. With the advancement of urbanization, issues such as the flow of rural population and the adjustment of employment structure have become the focus of attention.

3. Rural economic development: The Chinese government is committed to promoting rural economic development and improving the living standards of farmers through a series of policies and measures. This includes the construction of rural infrastructure, rural financial support, and the reform of rural land systems.

4. The circulation of agricultural products: China's agricultural product circulation market is becoming increasingly developed, and a complete industrial chain has formed from production to sales. Various sales channels such as large agricultural wholesale markets, rural marketing markets, and agricultural e-commerce platforms have provided a wealth of choices for consumers.

5. Rural finance: Rural finance is an important support for China's rural economic development, including rural credit cooperatives, rural commercial banks, rural credit cooperatives and other institutions, providing farmers with financing, savings, insurance and other services.

6. Modern agricultural development: The Chinese government vigorously promote the development of modern agriculture, including promoting science and technology agriculture, improving the quality and safety of agricultural products, and promoting agricultural industrialization. The level of agricultural mechanization continues to improve, and the efficiency and output of agricultural production have gradually improved.

In general, China's agricultural trade has been growing, but it also faces some challenges, such as rural population flow, land resource utilization, and the quality and safety of agricultural products. Economic transformation is to achieve the strategic goal of rural revitalization.

Specific data supports the above view:

1. Agricultural production data:

-China is the world's largest food producer, and the annual food production ranks first in the world. In 2023, China's total grain output reached approximately 641 million tons.

-China is the largest rice in the world, wheat and corn producers, accounting for about 30 %, 25 % and 22 % of the world's total output [1].

2. Rural population data:

-In 2023, China's rural population was about 477 million, accounting for about 34.07 % of China's total population [2].

3. Cycle data of agricultural products:

-The size of China's agricultural e-commerce market has increased year by year, and the transaction volume of agricultural e-commerce in 2023 reached about 2.5 trillion yuan.

-China has the world's largest rural marketing market network and spread throughout the country, providing important channels for the sales of agricultural products [3].

4. Rural financial data:

As of the end of 2022, the total assets of China's rural financial institutions reached approximately 4.762 trillion yuan [4].

5. Modern agricultural development data:

-As of 2023, China's crop farming has a comprehensive mechanization rate of more than 73%, the national agricultural scientific and technological progress contribution rate has reached 62.4%, the total power of agricultural machinery exceeds 1.078 billion kilowatts, and the total number of agricultural machinery equipment is close to 200 million units (sets). At 230 million kilowatts, the level of agricultural mechanization is still increasing [5].

These data parts show the current situation and development trend of China's agricultural economy. Through these data, it can be seen that the scale of China's agricultural trade economy is huge, the integrity of industrial chain stores, and the development momentum is good, but it also faces some challenges. It requires continuous policy support and innovation promotion.

List of references

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